

Artificial reefs to promote primary production in tropical seagrass ecosystems: A simulation study using individual-based modelling

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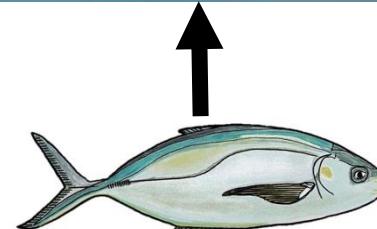
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Primary production in marine ecosystems

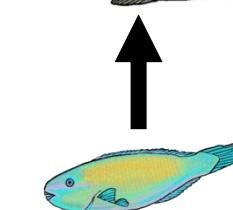
Fisheries



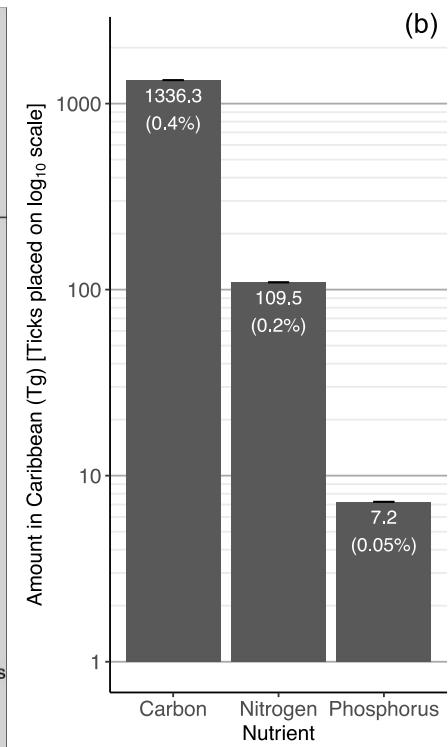
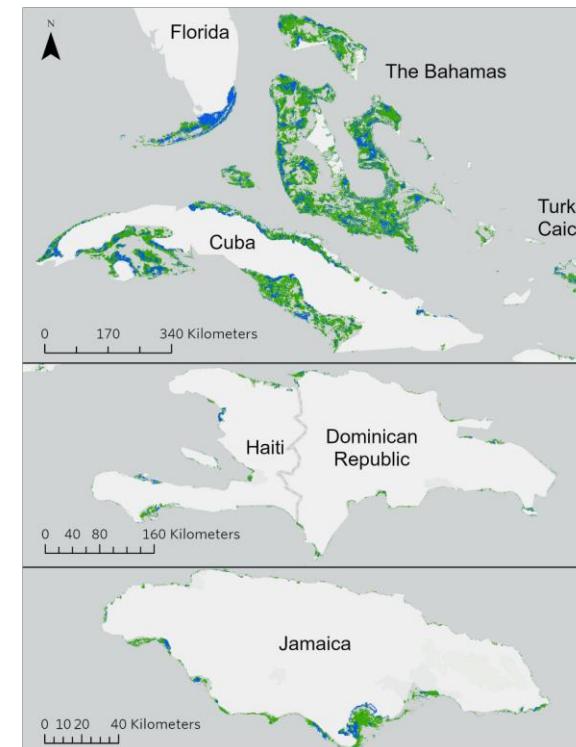
Predators



Herbivores

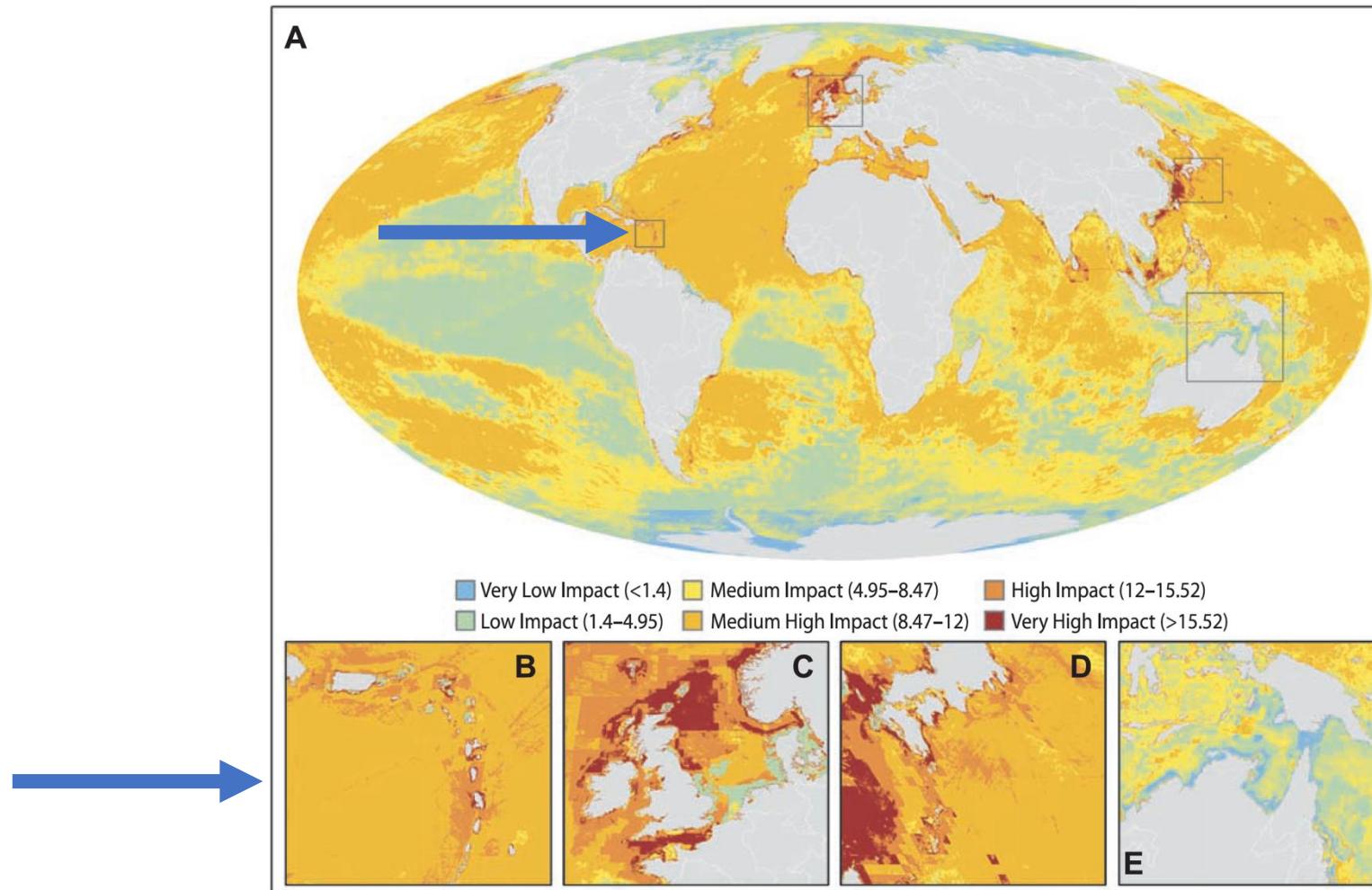


Primary production



Shayka, B.F., Hesselbarth, M.H.K., Schill, S.R., Currie, W.S., Allgeier, J.E., under review. The natural capital of seagrass beds in the Caribbean: evaluating their blue carbon trade and ecosystem service potential. *Biological Letters*.

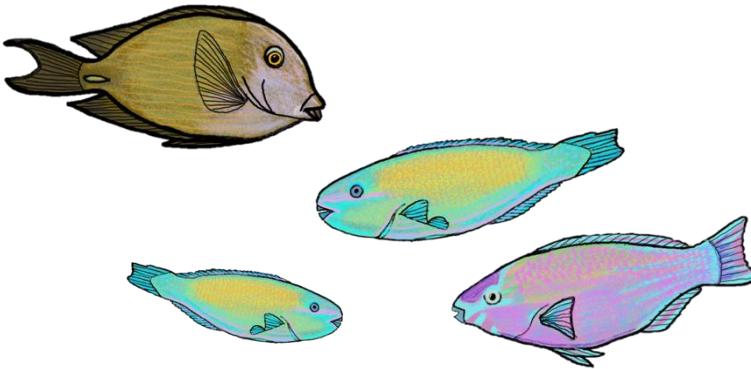
Human impact on marine ecosystems



Adapted from: Halpern, B.S., Walbridge, S., Selkoe, K.A., Kappel, C.V., Micheli, F., D'Agrosa, C., Bruno, J.F., Casey, K.S., Ebert, C., Fox, H.E., Fujita, R., Heinemann, D., Lenihan, H.S., Madin, E.M.P., Perry, M.T., Selig, E.R., Spalding, M., Steneck, R., Watson, R., 2008. A global map of human impact on marine ecosystems. *Science* 319, 948–952. <https://doi.org/10.1126/science.1149345>

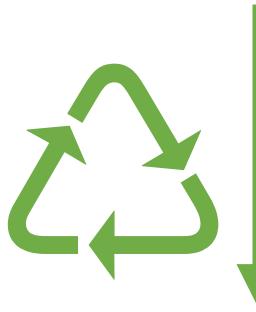
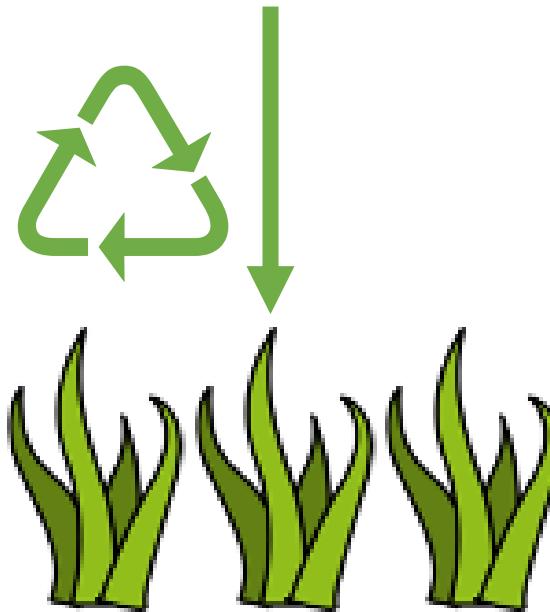
Sources of nutrients promoting primary production

Nutrients supply by fish

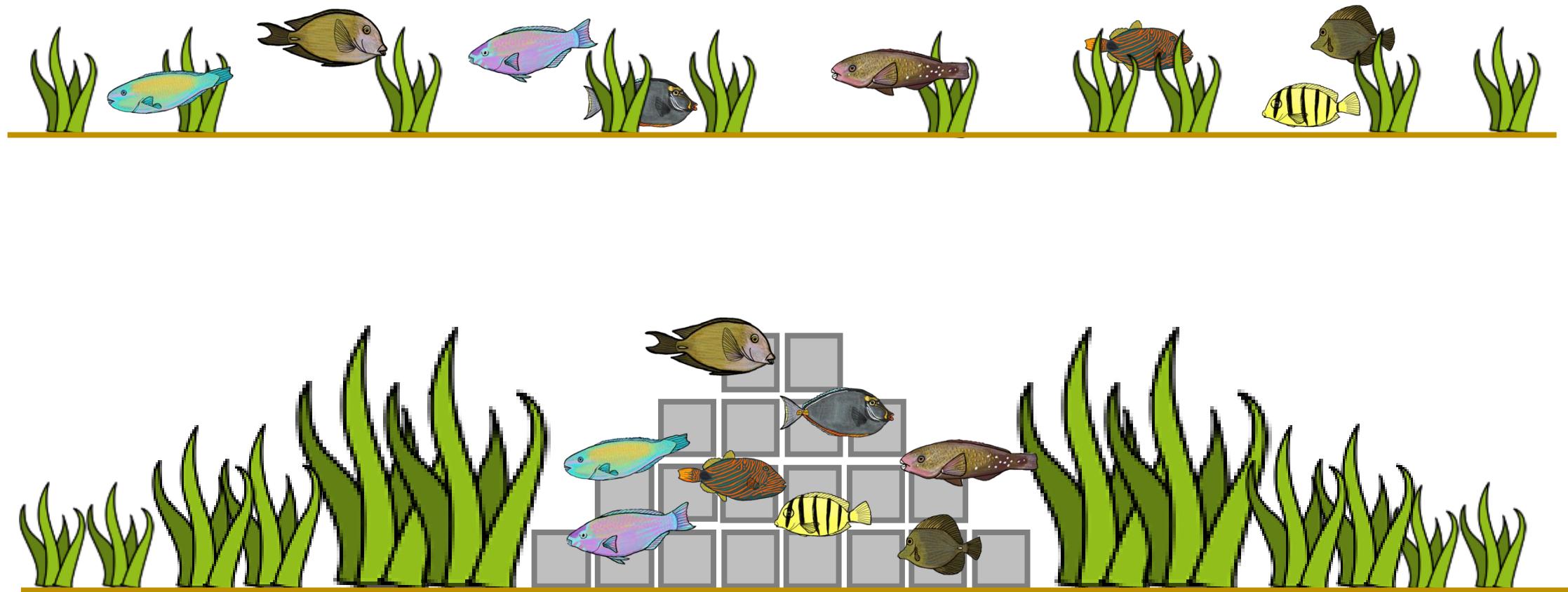


Recycling of nutrients by fish

Abiotic nutrients supply



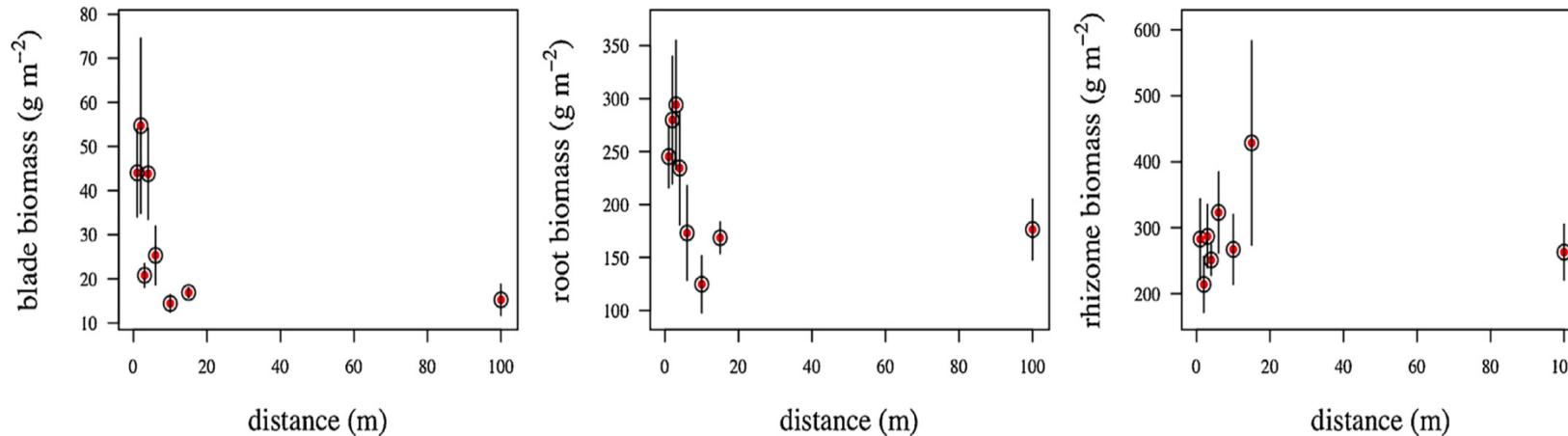
Artificial reefs (ARs)



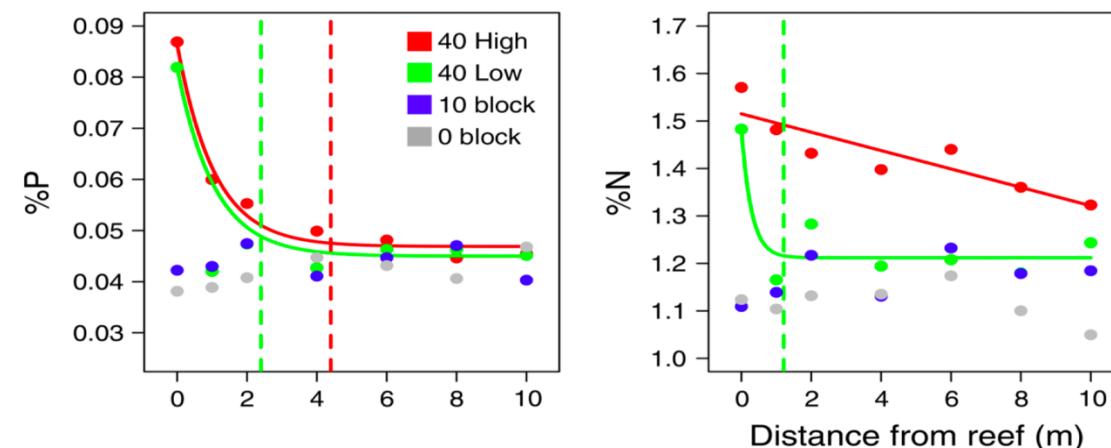
Artificial reefs (ARs)



Empirical research artificial reefs

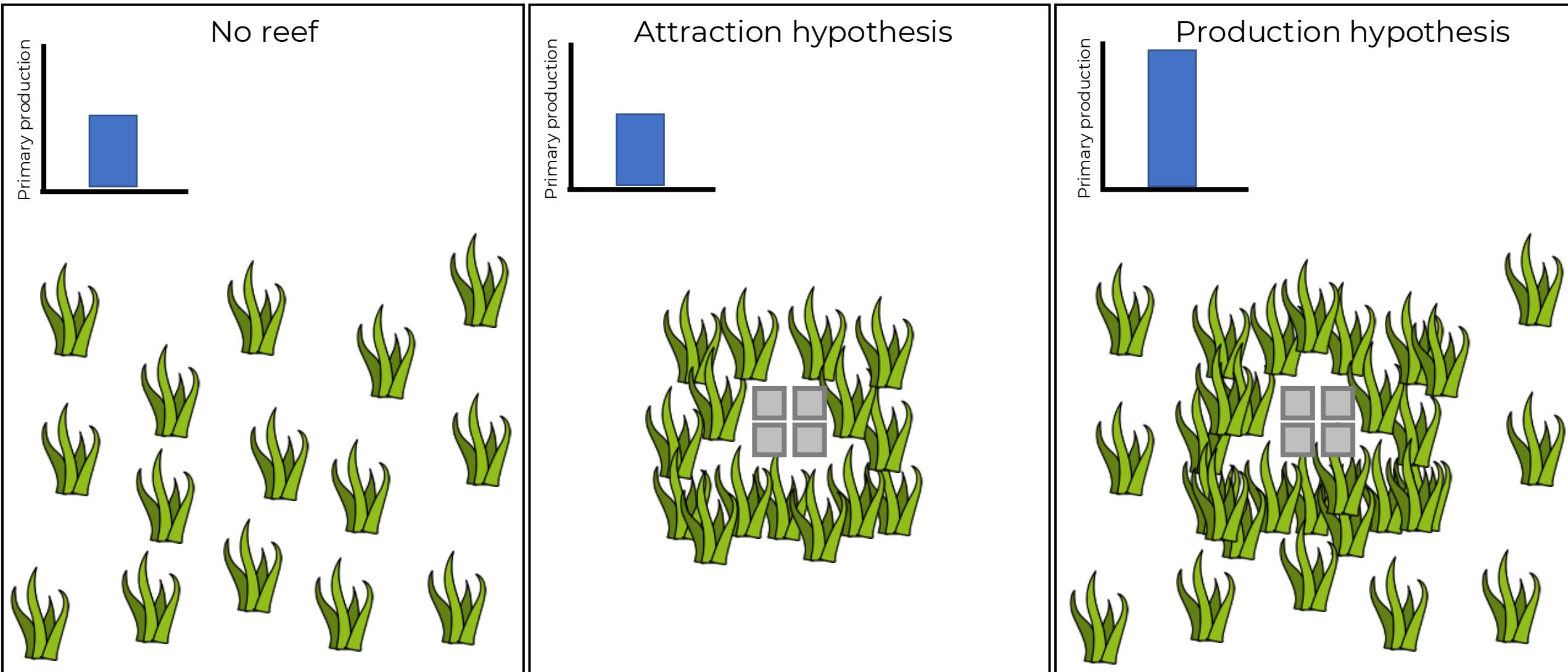


Layman, C.A., Allgeier, J.E., Montaña, C.G., 2016. Mechanistic evidence of enhanced production on artificial reefs: A case study in a Bahamian seagrass ecosystem. *Ecological Engineering* 95, 574–579. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoleng.2016.06.109>



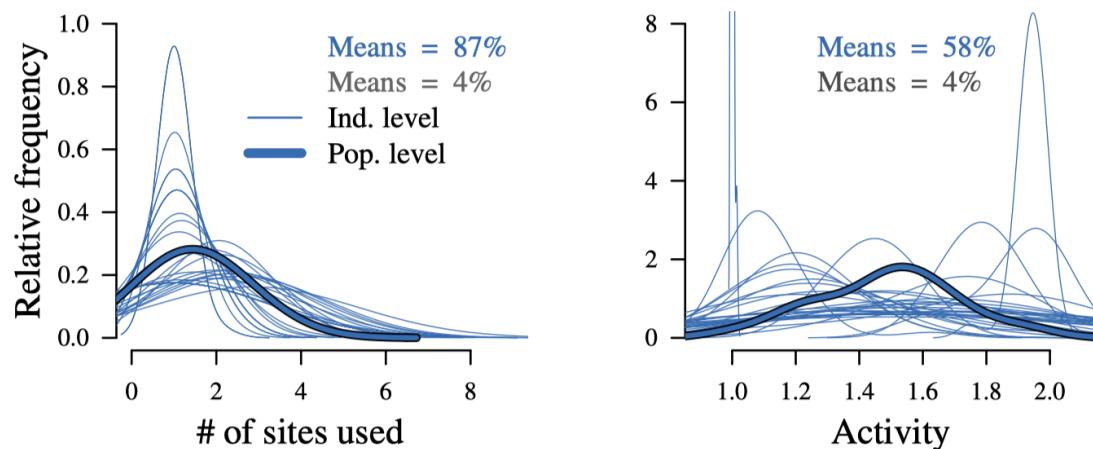
Adapted from: Layman, C.A., Allgeier, J.E., Yeager, L.A., Stoner, E.W., 2013. Thresholds of ecosystem response to nutrient enrichment from fish aggregations. *Ecology* 94, 530–536. <https://doi.org/10.1890/12-0705.1>

Attraction vs. production debate



Individual-based simulation models

- Bottom-up approach
- Highly mechanistic
- Spatially explicit & individual variability



Allgeier, J.E., Cline, T.J., Walsworth, T.E., Wathen, G., Layman, C.A., Schindler, D.E., 2020. Individual behavior drives ecosystem function and the impacts of harvest. *Sci. Adv.* 6, eaax8329. <https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.aax8329>



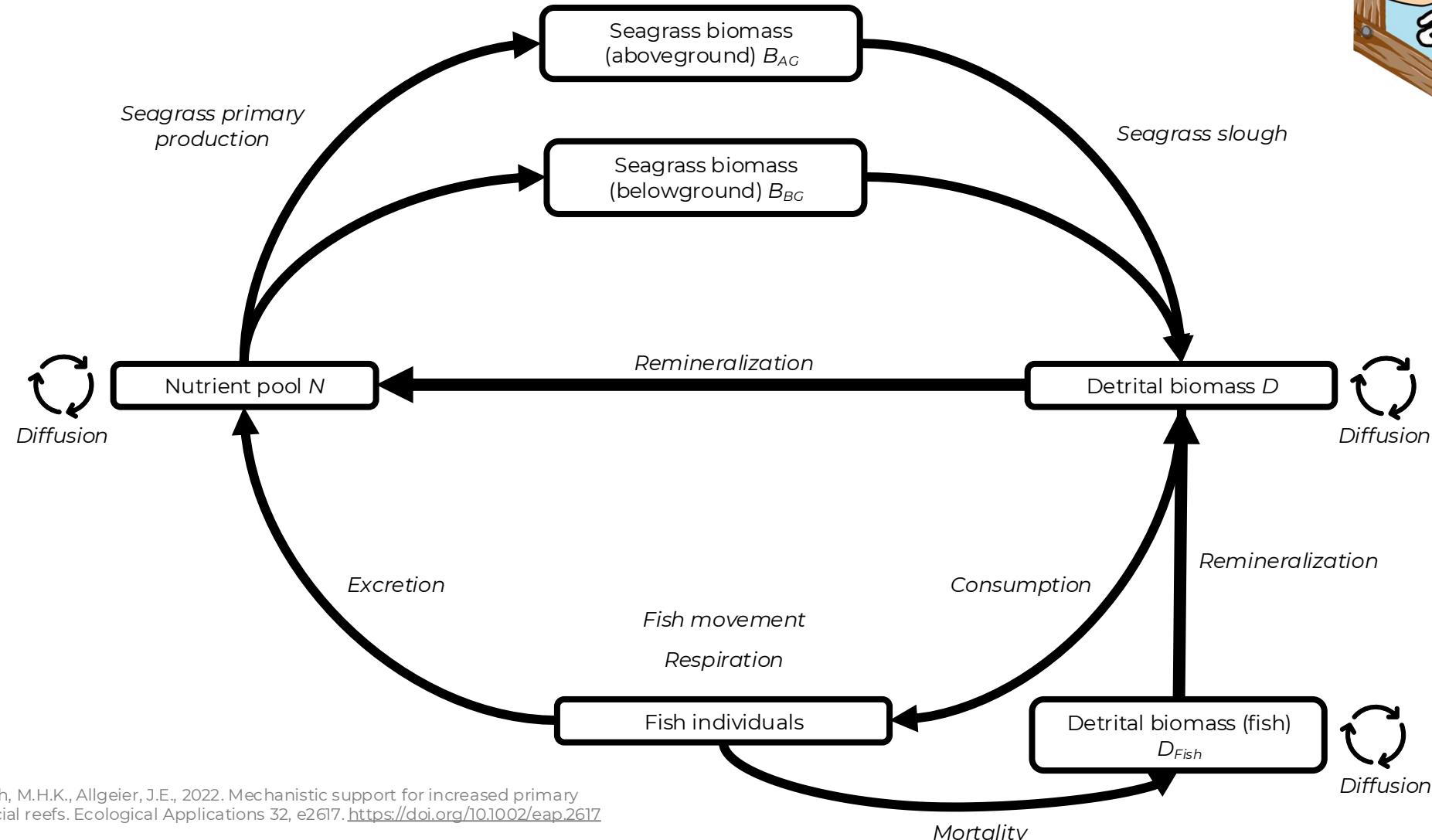
<https://brotherbrain.tumblr.com/post/17249619877/pac-attack>

Artificial reefs in R

<https://allgeier-lab.github.io/arrR/>

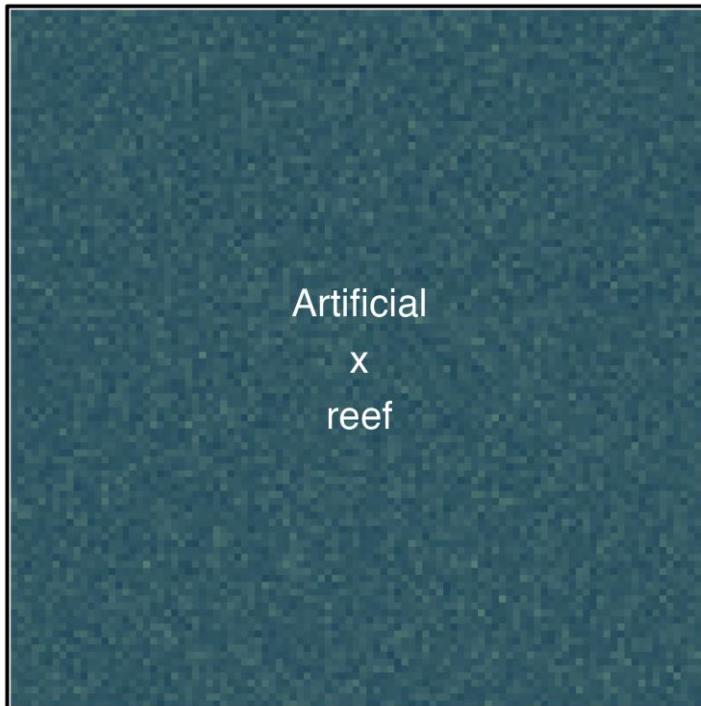


Logo by S. Iliff

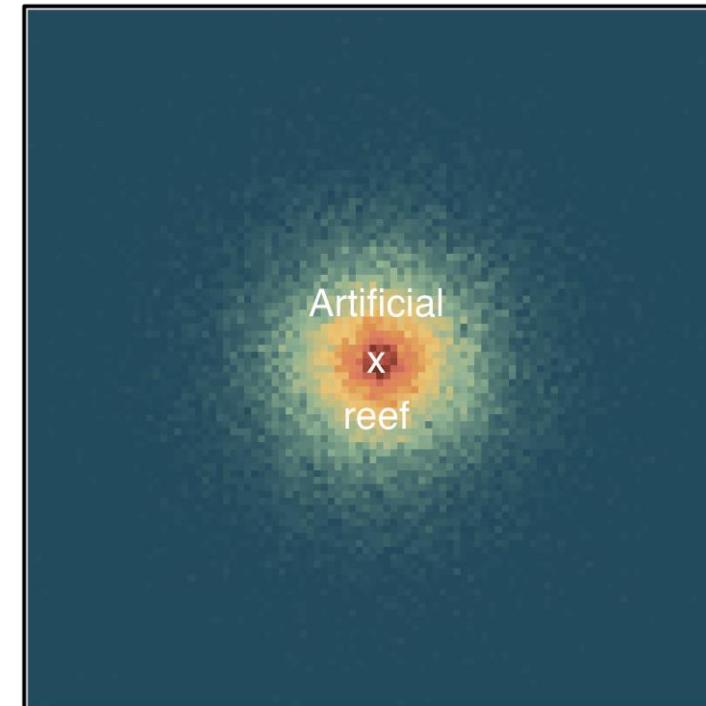


Experiment: Movement behavior

Random movement

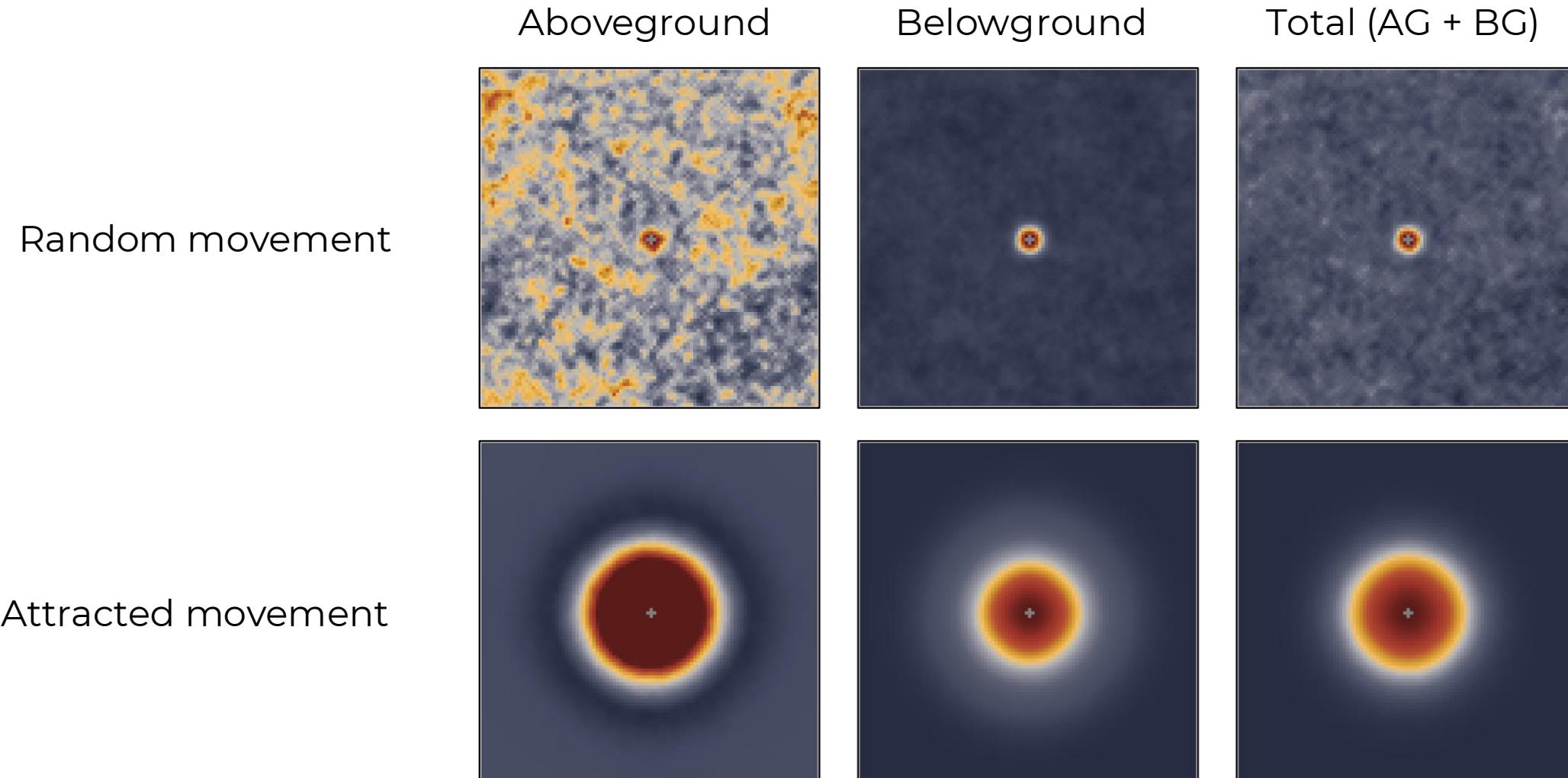


Attracted movement

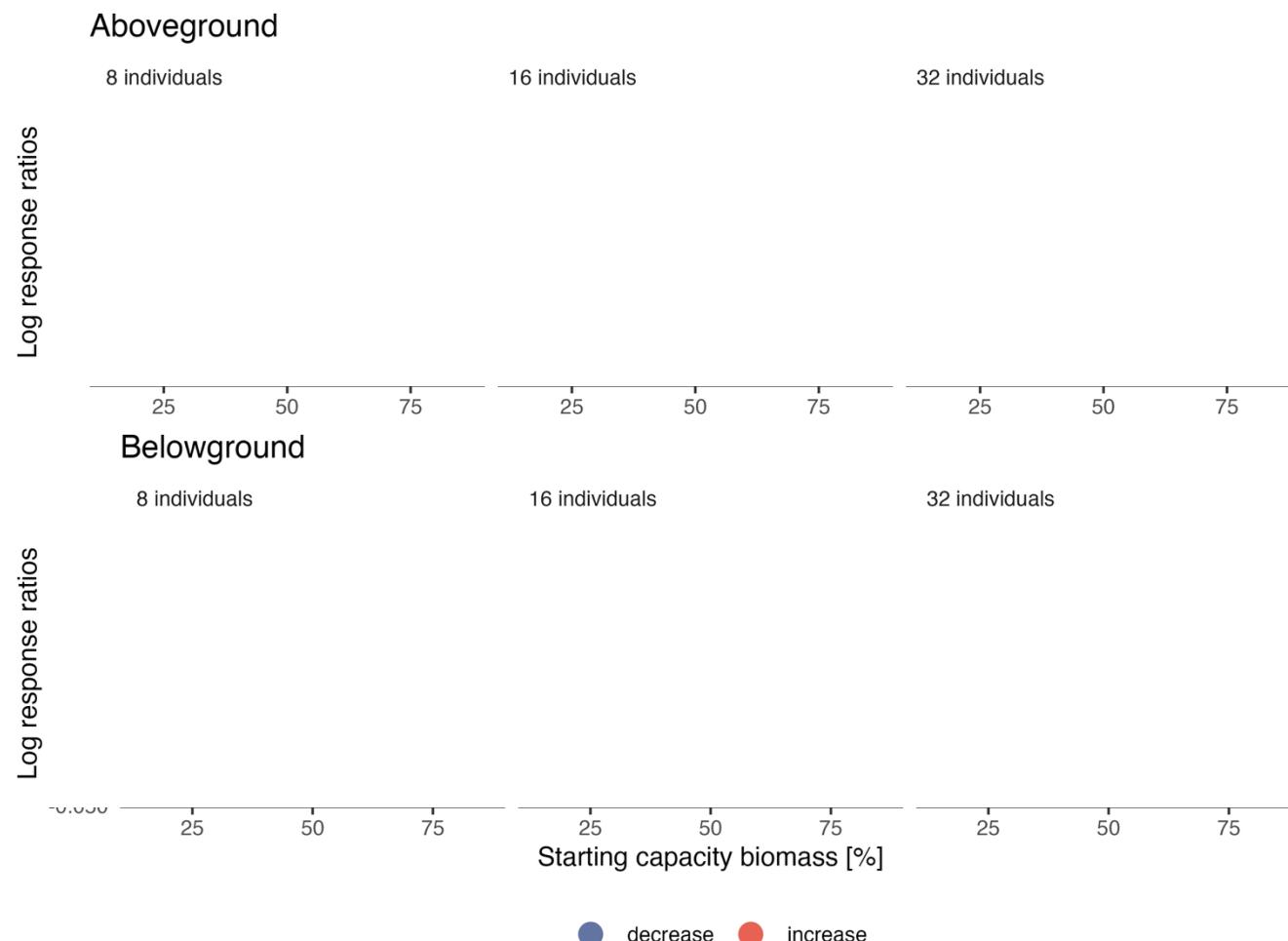


Density of fish individuals

Spatial explicit biomass

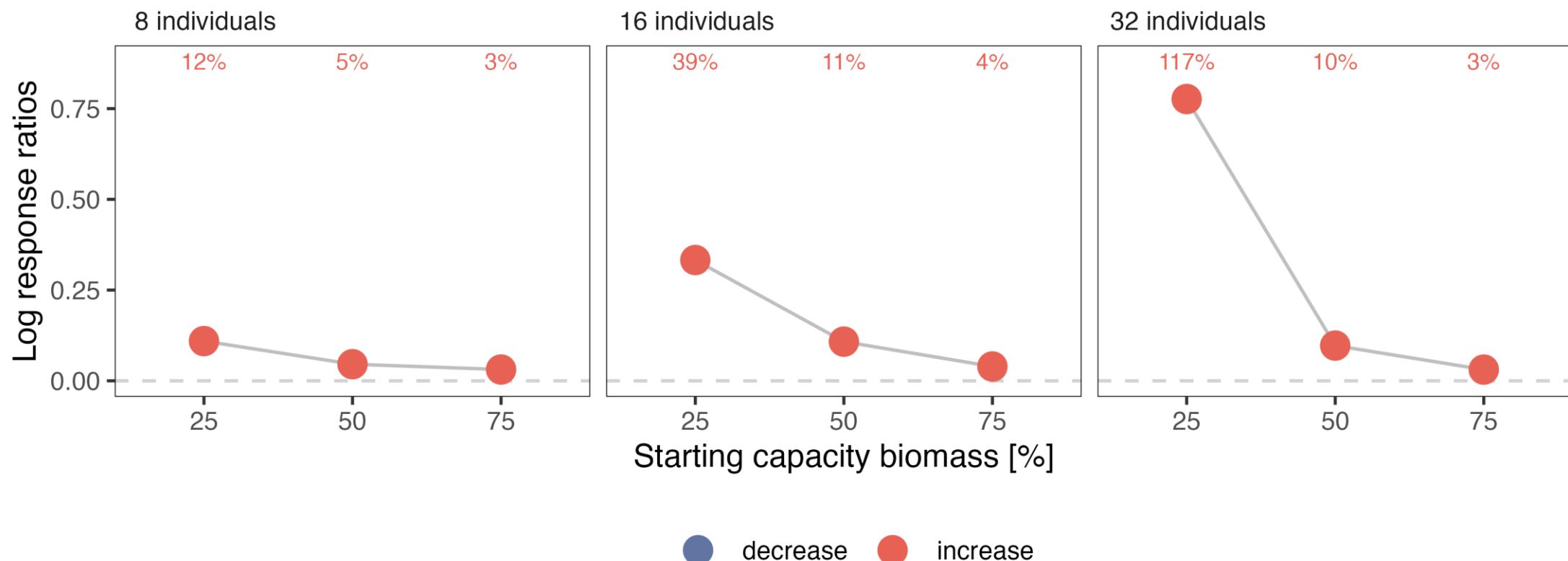


Ecosystem primary production



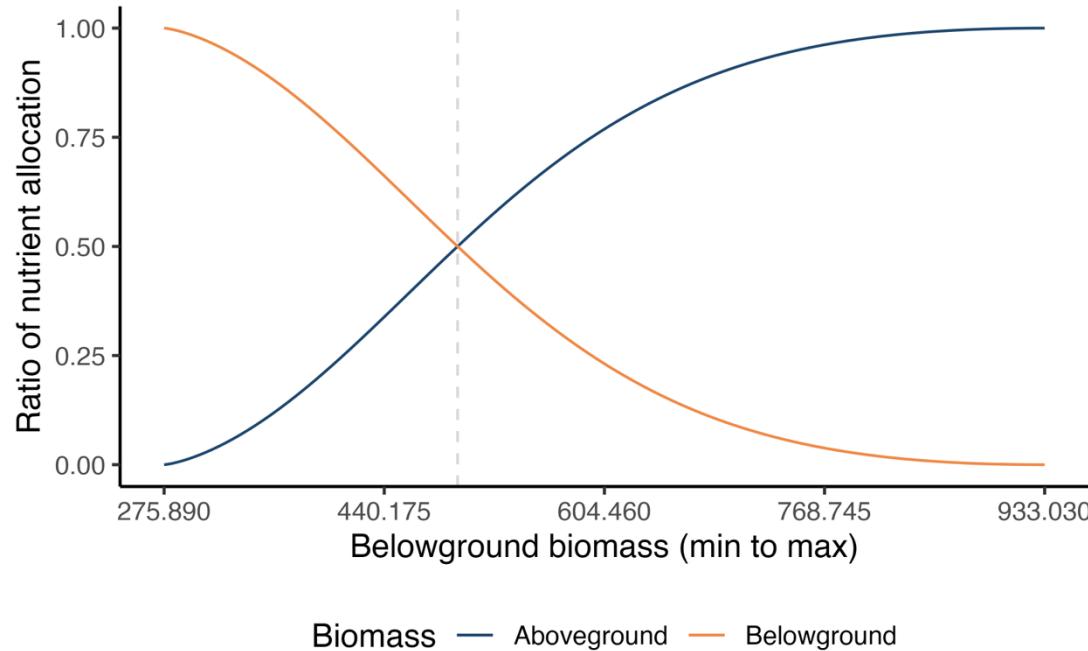
Ecosystem primary production

Total

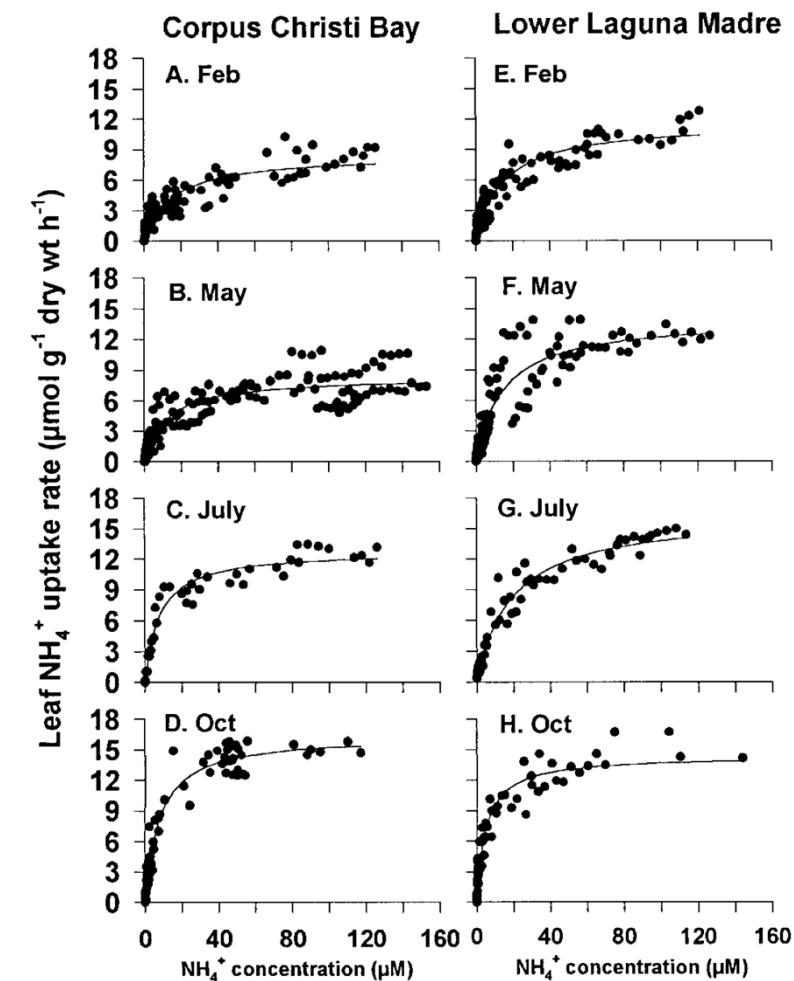


Adapted from: Esquivel, K.E., Hesselbarth, M.H.K., Allgeier, J.E., 2022. Mechanistic support for increased primary production around artificial reefs. *Ecological Applications* 32, e2617. <https://doi.org/10.1002/eaap.2617>

Driving factor: Non-linear mechanism



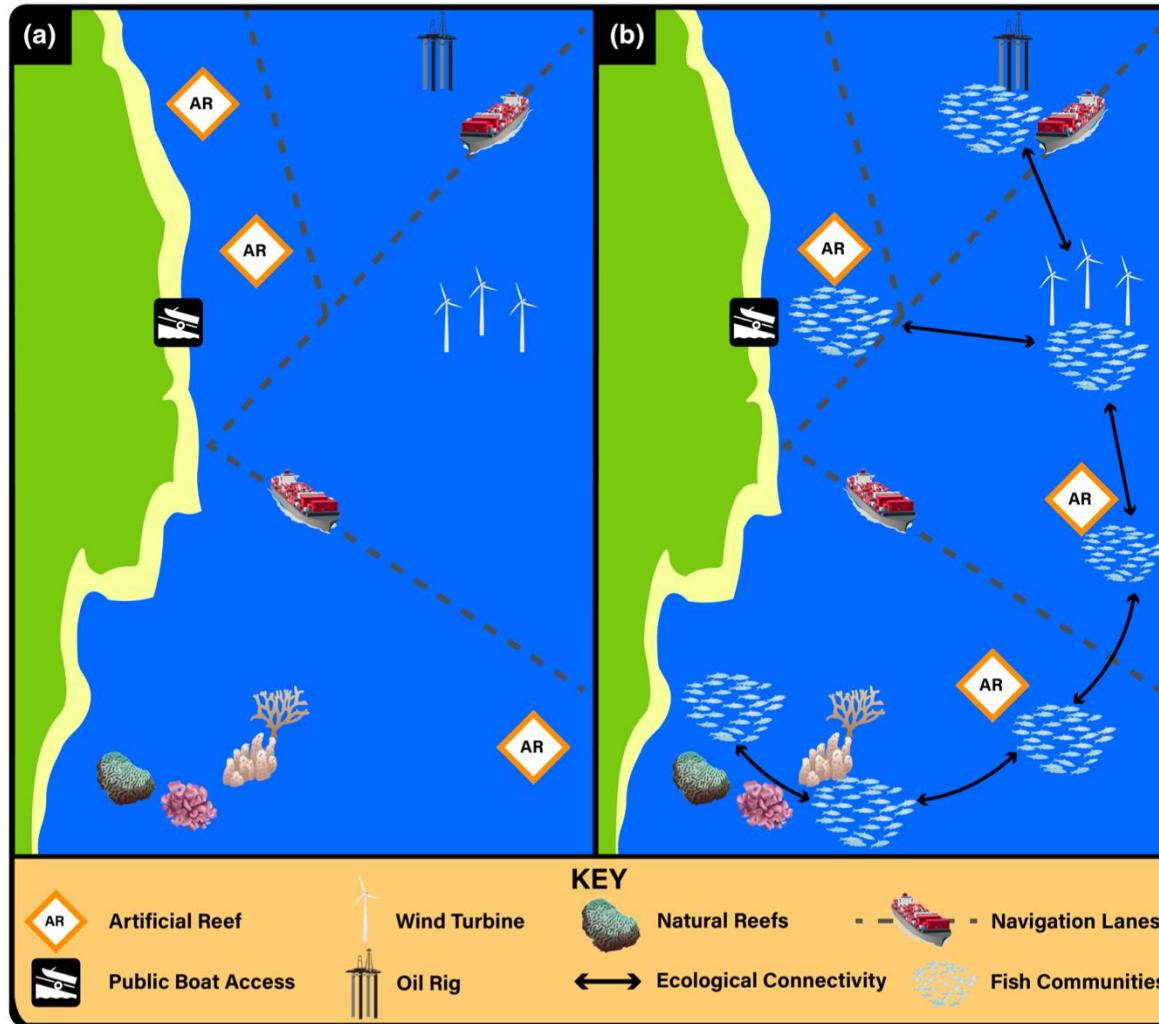
Adapted from: Esquivel, K.E., Hesselbarth, M.H.K., Allgeier, J.E., 2022. Mechanistic support for increased primary production around artificial reefs. *Ecological Applications* 32, e2617. <https://doi.org/10.1002/eaap.2617>



Conclusions (I)

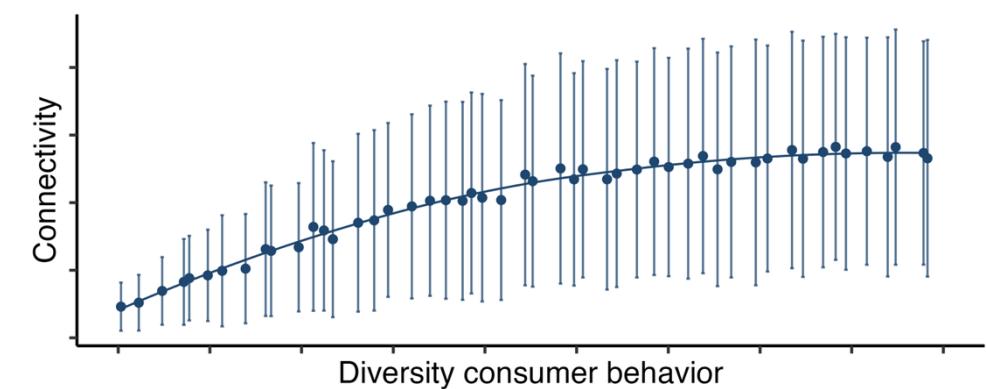
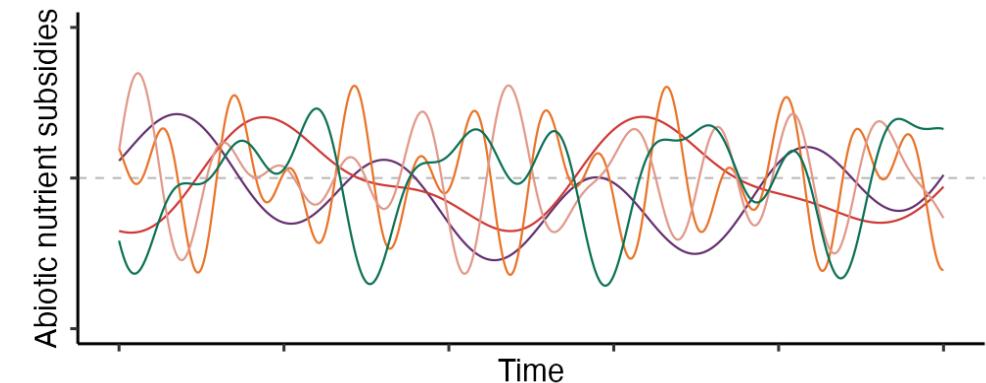
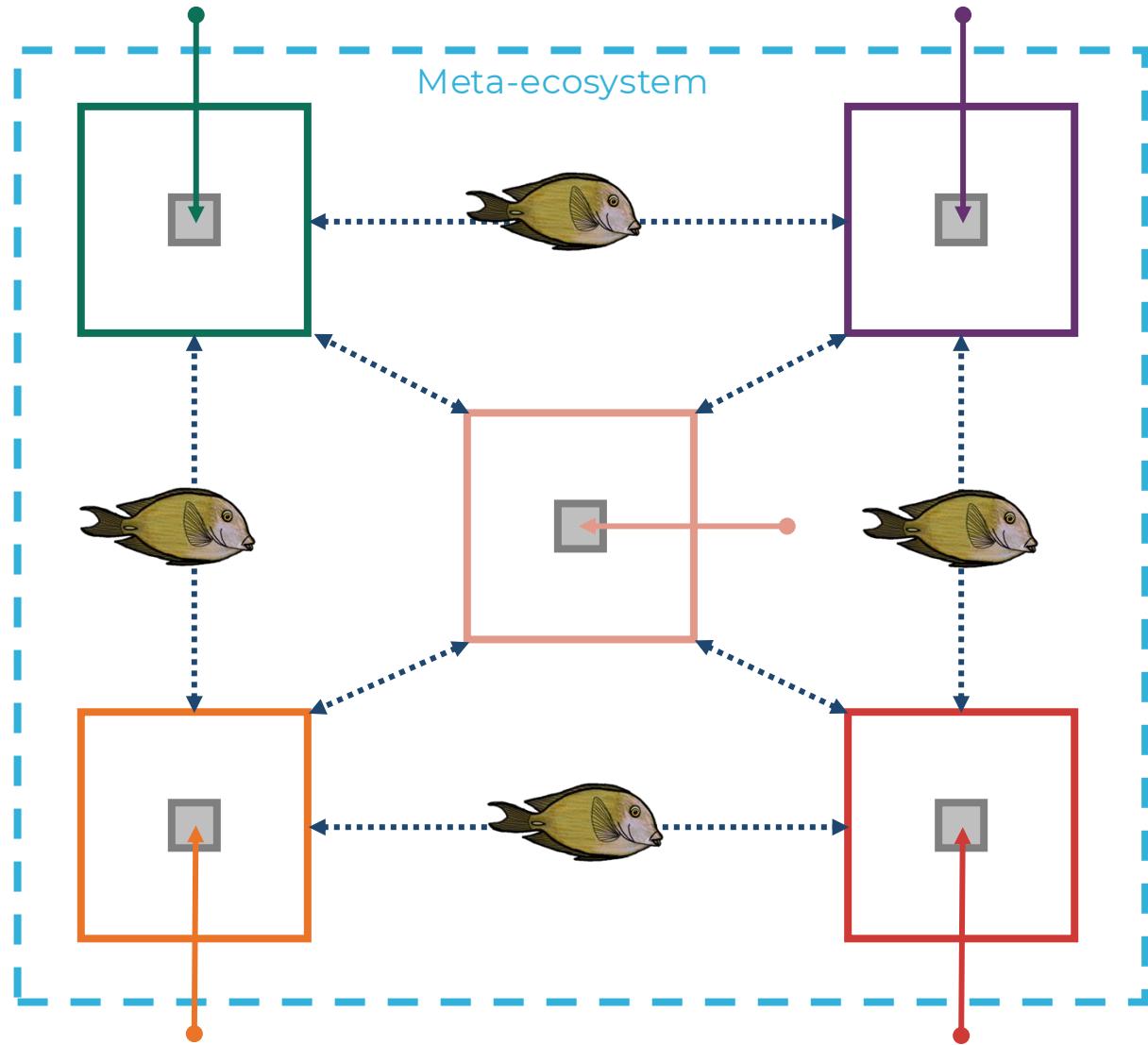
- Increased primary production at the ecosystem-scale
- ARs could be a useful tool for conservation by increasing primary production
- So far closed model environment
- Only one artificial reef modelled

Connectivity and distribution of artificial reefs (AR)



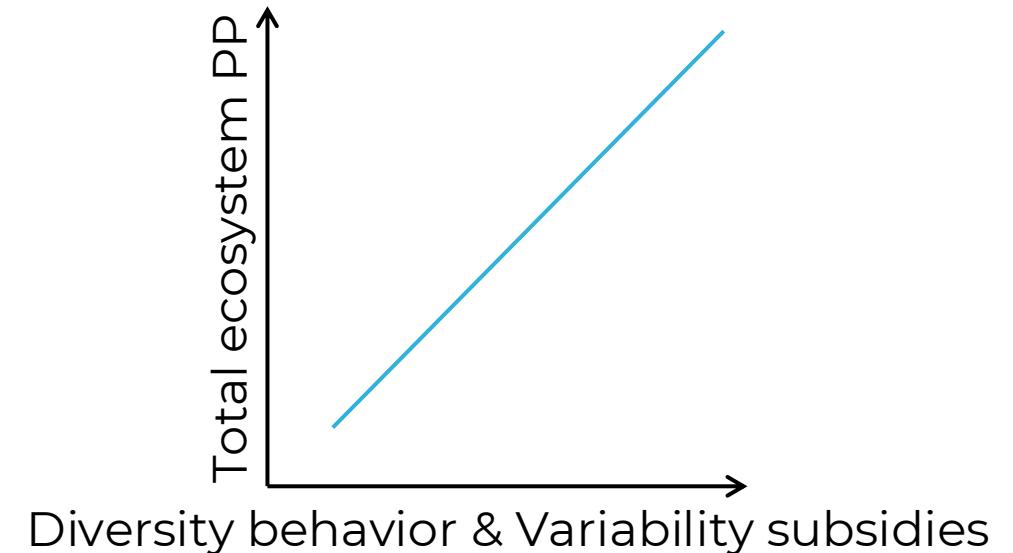
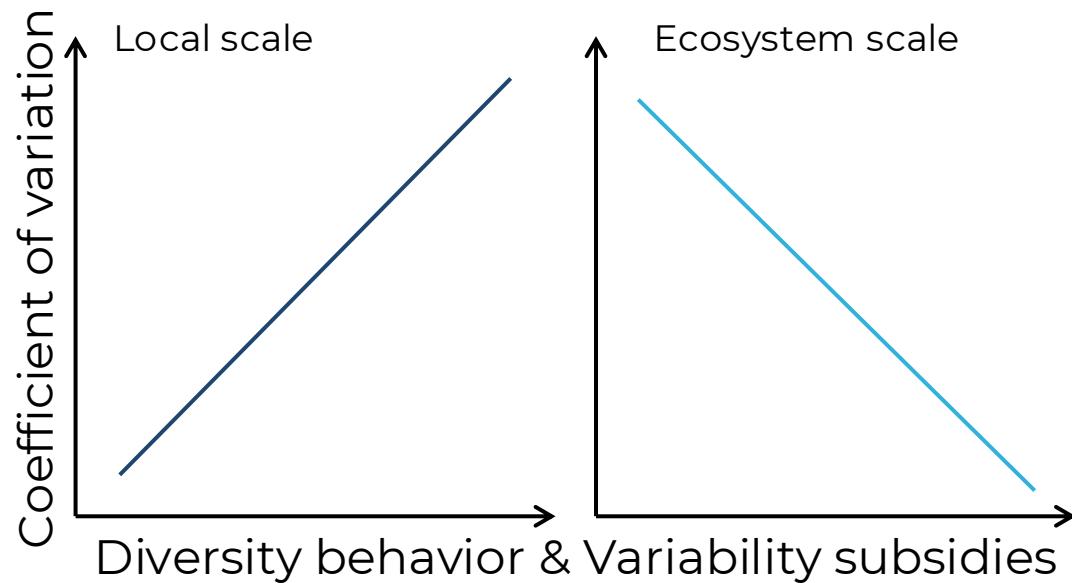
Paxton, A.B., Steward, D.N., Harrison, Z.H., Taylor, J.C., 2022. Fitting ecological principles of artificial reefs into the ocean planning puzzle. *Ecosphere* 13. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3924>

Using a meta-ecosystem framework



Hypotheses

2) How are consumer behavior and abiotic subsidies affecting the total primary production on meta-ecosystem scale?



Measures of stability

- Stability local scale:

σ_i^2 = variance of each local ecosystem primary production
 μ_M = mean of the total meta-ecosystem production

- Stability meta-ecosystem scale:

σ_M^2 = variance of meta-ecosystem primary production
 μ_M = mean of the total meta-ecosystem production

- Linear regressions:

1) $cv_{\alpha/\gamma} \sim diversity_{behavior} * variability_{subsidies}$

2) $PP_M \sim diversity_{behavior} * variability_{subsidies}$

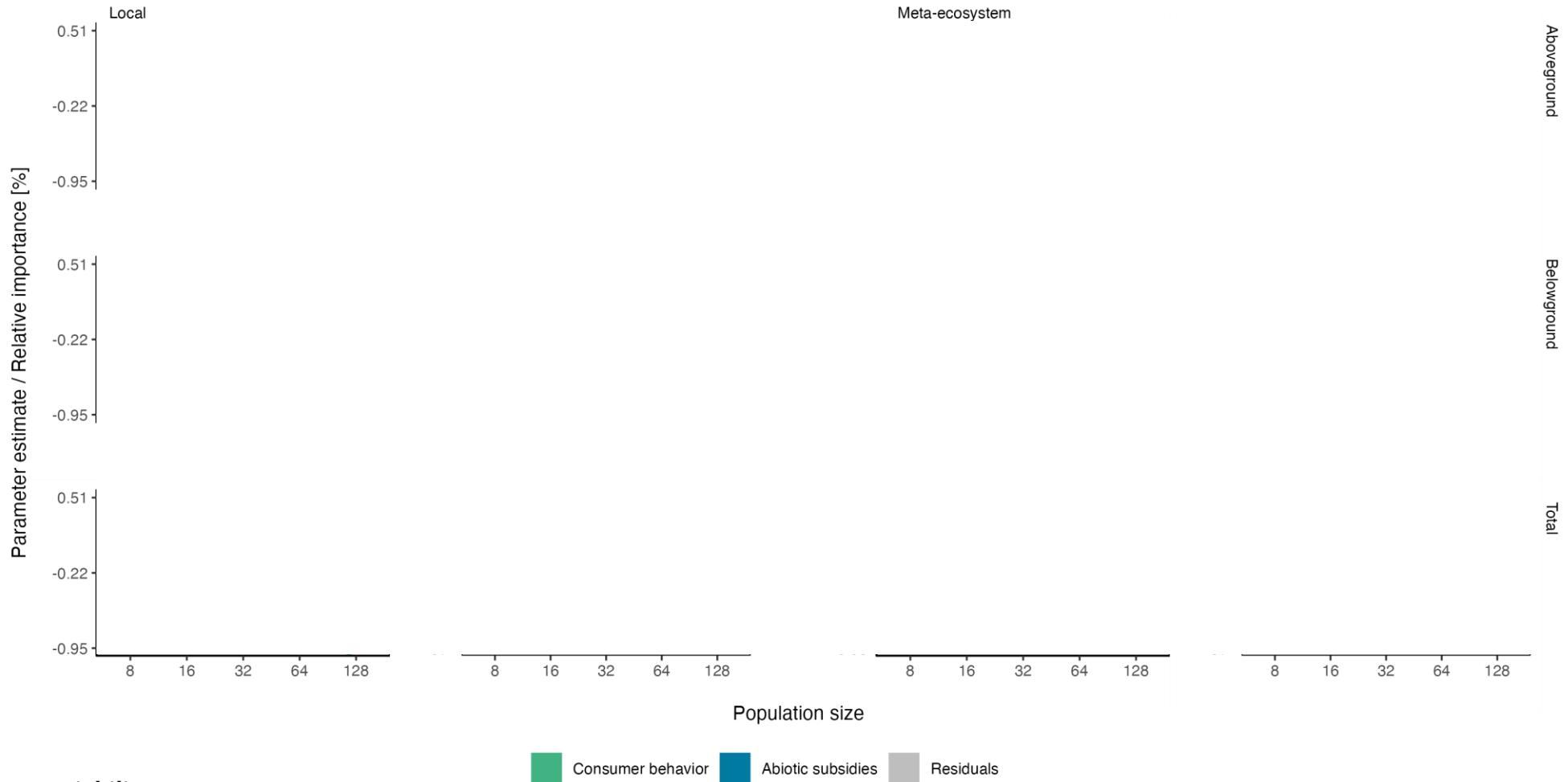
PP_M = cumulative meta-ecosystem primary production

- Relative importance R^2 of $diversity_{behavior}$ and $variability_{subsidies}$

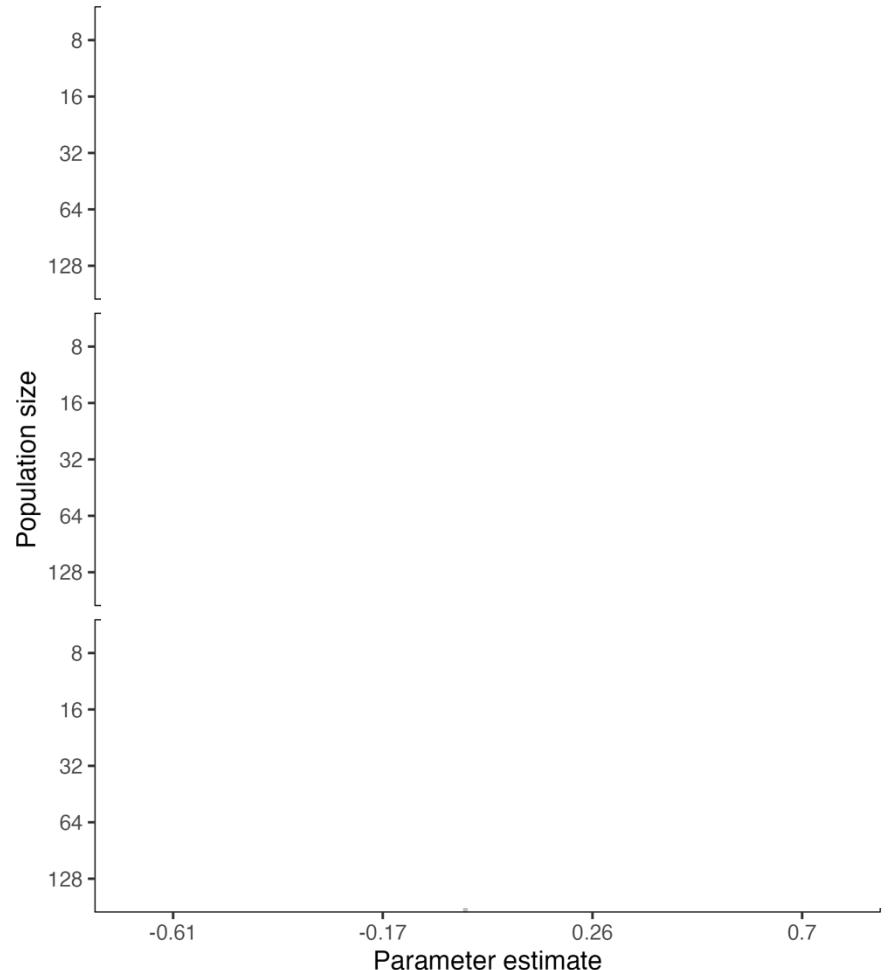
$$cv_{\alpha} = \frac{\sum \sqrt{\sigma_i^2}}{\mu_M}$$

$$cv_{\gamma} = \frac{\sqrt{\sigma_M^2}}{\mu_M}$$

1) How are consumer behavior and abiotic subsidies affecting the stability of primary production on local and meta-ecosystem scale?



2) How are consumer behavior and abiotic subsidies affecting the total primary production on meta-ecosystem scale?

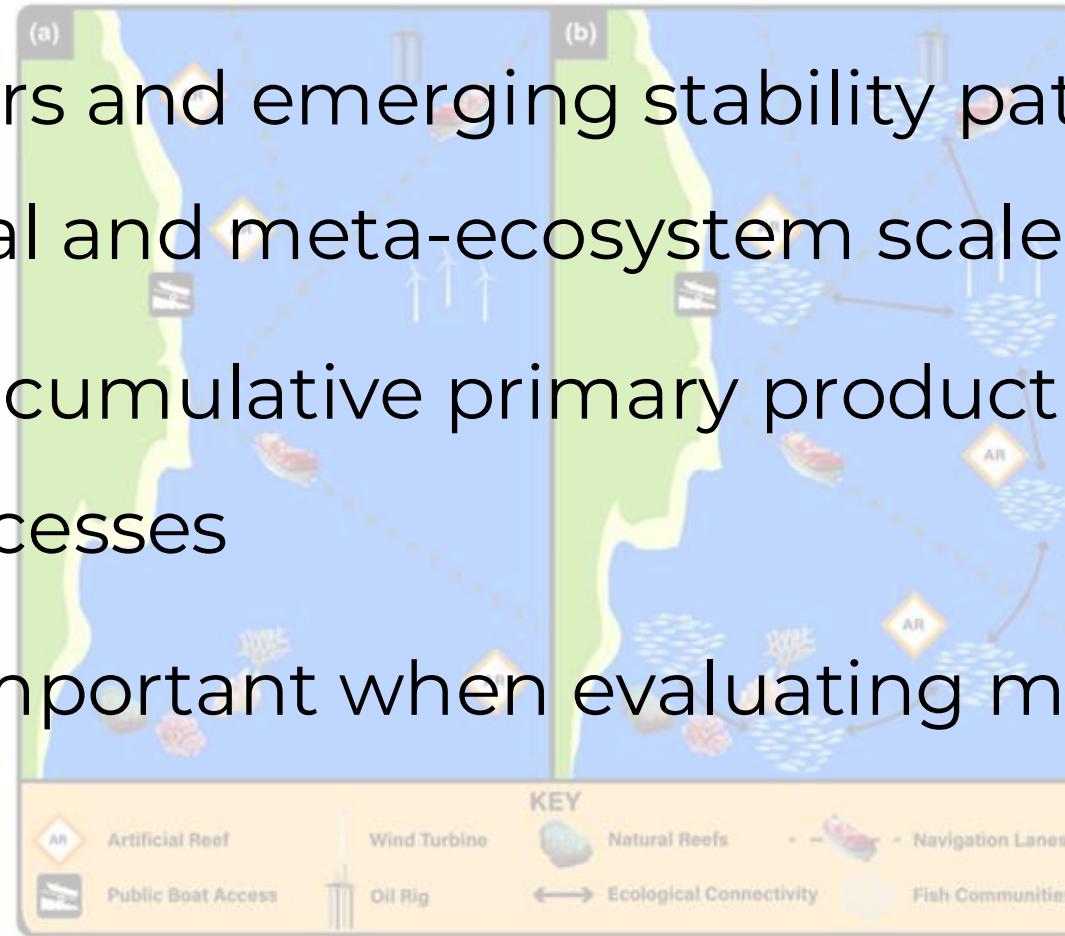


$$PP_M \sim \text{diversity}_{\text{behavior}} * \text{variability}_{\text{subsidies}}$$

▲ Consumer behavior ▲ Abiotic subsidies ▽ decrease △ increase

Conclusions (II)

- Driving factors and emerging stability patterns differed between local and meta-ecosystem scale
- Stability and cumulative primary production affected by different processes
- Potentially important when evaluating management actions



...how to move on from here...

- Introducing spatially explicit connectivity
- Testing intra- and interspecific behavioral variability
- Simulating multi-species populations

Katrina Munsterman



Sean Richards



Acknowledgments



Jacob Allgeier



Kenzo Esquivel



Katrina Munsterman



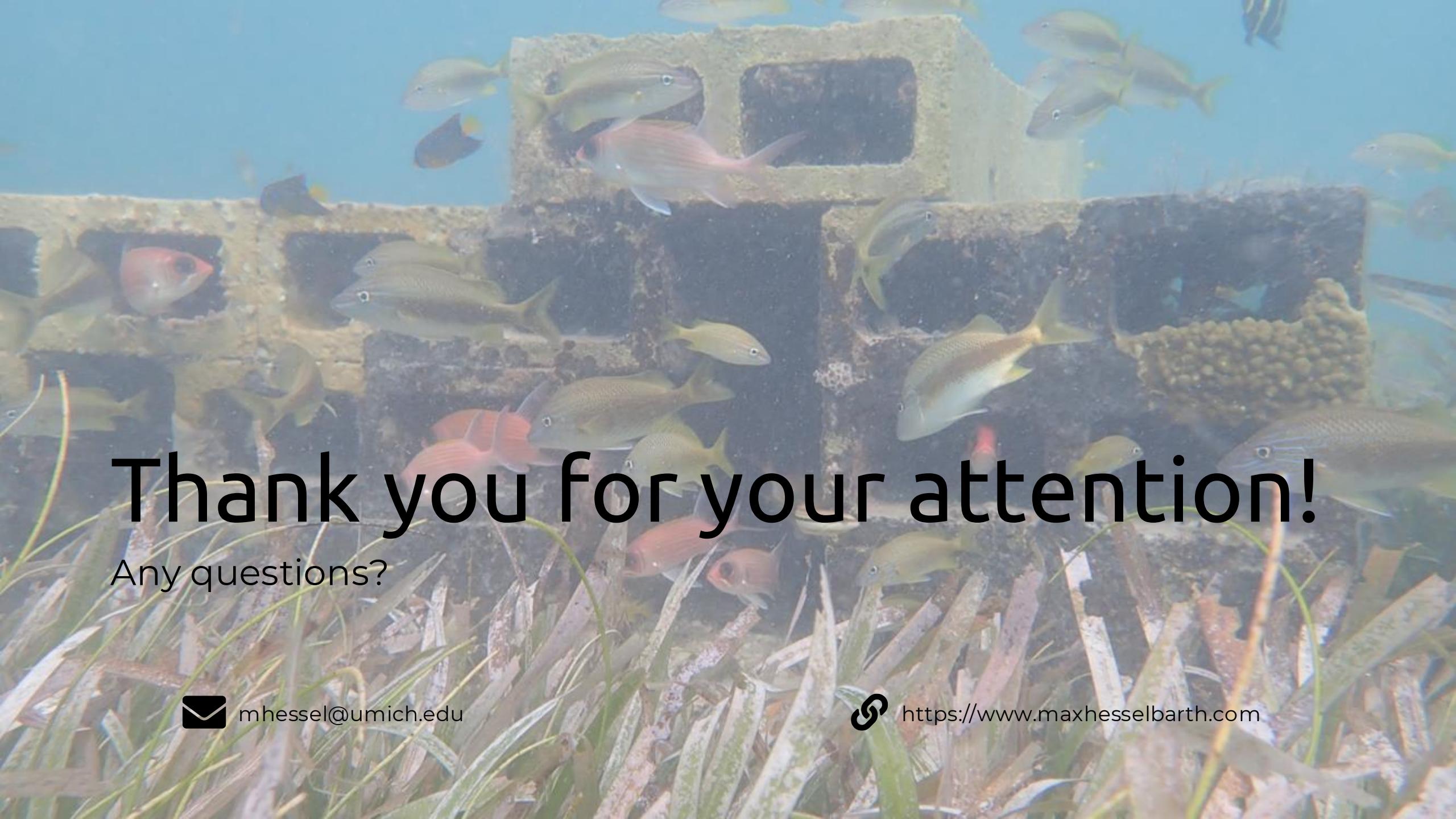
Bridget Shayka



Samantha Iliff



Sean Richards

A vibrant underwater photograph showing a school of fish swimming around a artificial reef structure. The reef is made of light-colored blocks and is covered in green algae and small coral colonies. The water is clear, and the fish are of various species and colors, including yellow, green, and red. The overall scene is a healthy marine ecosystem.

Thank you for your attention!

Any questions?



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